

ANNEXURE D:

LIST OF NEMBA CATEGORY 1A TREES

TO BE REMOVED AND DESTROYED IMMEDIATELY IN TERMS OF THE NATIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT: BIODIVERSITY ACT 10 OF 2004

BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME
<i>Acacia adunca</i>	Cascade wattle, Wallangarra wattle
<i>Acacia fimbriata</i>	Fringed wattle, Brisbane wattle
<i>Acacia implexa (Benth)</i>	Screw-pod wattle
<i>Acacia paradoxa</i>	Kangaroo wattle
<i>Acacia stricta</i>	Hop wattle
<i>Paulownia tomentosa</i>	Empress tree, princess tree, royal Paulownia
<i>Triplaris americana</i>	Ant tree

Note that for the sake of this guideline only the category 1a species are listed, however, the 2016 Alien and Invasive Species List, issued in terms of the National Environmental Management: Biodiversity Act, categorises invader plants into four different categories, each with specific actions required. These are:

- category 1a (combat or eradicate);
- category 1b (control);
- category 2 (permit required); and
- category 3 (exempted, except if found in riparian zones, in which case it reverts to a category 2).

For the full category lists (2016), see www.environment.gov.za and www.environment.co.za.

Note these lists are continuously amended, the latest draft amendment being 2018.

ANNEXURE E:

LIST OF CARA CATEGORY 1 TREES

TO BE REMOVED AND DESTROYED IMMEDIATELY IN TERMS OF THE CONSERVATION OF AGRICULTURAL RESOURCES ACT (CARA) 43 OF 1983

BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME	BOTANICAL NAME	COMMON NAME
<i>Acacia dealbata</i>	Silver wattle/Silwerwattel	<i>Leptospermum laevigatum</i>	Australian myrtle
<i>Acacia implexa</i>	Screw-pod wattle	<i>Paraserianthes lophantha</i>	Stink bean
<i>Acacia longifolia</i>	Long-leaved wattle	<i>Pittosporum undulatum</i>	Australian cheesewood
<i>Acacia paradoxa</i>	Kangaroo wattle	<i>Psidium x durbanensis</i>	Durban guava
<i>Acacia pycnantha</i>	Golden wattle	<i>Rhus succedanea</i>	Wax tree
<i>Achyranthes aspera</i>	Burweed	<i>Sesbania punicea</i>	Red sesbania
<i>Albizia lebeck</i>	Lebeck tree	<i>Solanum mauritianum</i>	Bugweed
<i>Albizia procera</i>	False lebeck	<i>Spartium junceum</i>	Spanish broom
<i>Eucalyptus conferruminata*</i>	Spider gum	<i>Tamarix chinensis</i>	Chinese tamarisk
<i>Hakea drupacea</i>	Sweet hakea	<i>Tamarix ramosissima</i>	Pink tamarisk
<i>Hakea gibbosa</i>	Rock hakea	<i>Tecoma stans</i>	Yellow bells
<i>Hakea sericea</i>	Silky hakea	<i>Triplaris americana</i>	Ant tree

* *Eucalyptus conferruminata* (spider gum) adds value to the urban context, and, as a category 1b in terms of NEMBA, may remain if it is not in a riparian/protected area.

Note that for the sake of this guideline only the category 1 species are listed, however, the section 15 regulations of CARA divide invasive plants into three categories. These are:

- category 1 trees are prohibited, and may not occur anywhere;
- category 2 trees (commercially used plants) may be grown in demarcated areas, providing that there is a permit in place and that steps are taken to prevent their spread; and
- category 3 trees may no longer be planted. Existing trees may remain, as long as all reasonable steps are taken to prevent their spread, and they are not allowed in riparian areas.

For the regulations and full category lists, see www.lawsouthafrica.up.ac.za/index.php/current-legislation (Environment and Conservation; Conservation of Agricultural Resources Act No 43 of 1983; Regulations and Notices).